- 1 CHAIRMAN JAMES: Mr. Heidel?
- 2 MR. HEIDEL: Good morning, members of the commission
- 3 and welcome to --
- 4 CHAIRMAN JAMES: I'm sorry. Please excuse me. We do
- 5 have one more and it's L.M., and we're just using the initials
- 6 here.
- 7 Thank you. Please go right ahead.
- 8 MR. HEIDEL: Yes, ma'am. Good morning, members of
- 9 the commission, and welcome to the Mississippi Coast. My name is
- 10 Jimmy Heidel. I've served since 1992 as the Executive Director
- 11 of the Mississippi Department of Economic and Community
- 12 Development.
- 13 My department of the Mississippi state government has
- 14 aggressively sought to build our state's economy through
- 15 recruitment of new business and expansion of ones that are
- 16 already here. First, I want to thank you for bringing this
- 17 important hearing to one of the nation's newest gaming venues.
- 18 The Mississippi Gulf Coast, the Mississippi Delta
- 19 region, Tunica, and the gaming facilities in place along the
- 20 Mississippi River are important contributors to a resurgent
- 21 Mississippi's economy.
- The jobs, capital investment, economic stability,
- 23 indeed growth, have been a welcome addition in a capital poor
- 24 state where, once upon a time, our workers lacked the skills
- 25 necessary to compete in a global environment.
- 26 Once upon a time, gaming did exist in Mississippi, as
- 27 it did pretty much under local options across America. The white
- 28 sandy beaches of the Mississippi Coast and the gentle rolling
- 29 waters of the mighty Mississippi were the world's playground as

- 1 people came from all over to bask in the sunshine and be
- 2 entertained with games of skill and chance.
- 3 Once upon a time, Tunica County, in the heart of the
- Mississippi Delta, was characterized as the Ethiopia of America. 4
- Harsh criticism from none other than the Reverend Jesse Jackson, 5
- 6 who likened the desolation and hopelessness of Tunica to a third
- 7 world country.
- 8 Tunica had the lowest per capital income in any
- The word jobs hardly exist in the local 9 county in America.
- vocabulary. Once upon a time, too many Mississippi workers held 10
- 11 low paying, low self-esteem jobs based on an agricultural way of
- life that was changing as the demands of the modern world hit 12
- 13 here, too.
- 14 And once upon a time nearly 30 years ago, a hurricane
- named Camille came close to knocking the Mississippi Gulf Coast 15
- 16 off the map. Today if you look closely, you can see that Camille
- 17 did succeed in cutting one of our offshore islands in half.
- 18 The devastation to a fundamental industry tourism was
- 19 incredible and was a devastation -- as was the devastation to
- personal lives. But today we're not concerned about the past. 20
- 21 We are about the future.
- 22 We have come asking important questions which deserve
- 23 our best -- you have come asking important questions which
- 24 deserve our best answers and judgements. I come to you today as
- 25 an economic development professional with more than 30 years
- 26 experience who has been charged with the mission of finding new
- 27 jobs, new opportunities and new hope for Mississippi.
- 28 More than half of my professional career was spent
- 29 working in one of the most economically depressed regions of the

- 1 country, the Mississippi Delta. I can tell you from firsthand
- 2 experience that the difference between then and now is nothing
- 3 short of profound and part of the vastly improving economy is due
- to new opportunities created by the gaming industry. 4
- 5 After all, the role of government in economic
- 6 development is to help create jobs and expand the tax base,
- 7 lifting families higher on the economic scale. And as
- 8 economic development professional, I submit to you that gaming,
- 9 as it's being regulated, licensed, taxed in Mississippi, is
- economic development in the purest form. 10
- 11 fiscal year 1998, gaming produced state tax
- revenues of more than \$250 million according to the State Tax 12
- That's up from about \$44 million in tax revenues for 13 Commission.
- 14 the first full year of legalized casinos in Mississippi in 1993.
- 15 Casino gaming has clearly contributed to the rising
- 16 wage rates in Mississippi. Since 1990, per capita income in
- 17 gaming counties has risen 48 percent, and just as significantly,
- 18 per capita income is up at least 37 percent in the other
- 19 Mississippi counties.
- 20 Casino companies came to Mississippi, applied for
- 21 license and had to gain approval by the Mississippi Gaming
- 22 Commission before they could take a single bet. They came and
- 23 they built largely with their own money. This is an important
- point. 24
- 25 Casinos, unlike most of our recruited businesses, ask
- 26 for little in the way of traditional state incentives.
- these casino companies are large, publicly traded corporations 27
- which answer to shareholders in Wall Street, not to mention a 28
- 29 host of regulatory agencies.

- Companies such as Hilton, Sheraton and Mirage had
- 2 successful track records in other gaming jurisdictions. They
- 3 came with incentive packages of their own for their employees.
- 4 Incentives required by the competitive nature of the
- 5 business such as health care, child care, stock options,
- 6 retirement plans all contribute towards the well-being of workers
- 7 and the community's quality of life.
- 8 These generous fringe benefit packages, which some
- 9 have estimated as high as 28 percent of wages, attract good
- 10 people to good jobs, again, a classic definition of successful
- 11 economic development. Suffice it to say that people with good
- 12 paying jobs make more productive members of the society.
- 13 A regular paycheck and the basic handle on the
- 14 responsibility of personal financial management give them better
- 15 means of supporting their families. And all of that is to good.
- 16 From an economic development perspective, legalized
- 17 casinos in Mississippi have spawned a variety of secondary
- 18 growth, all of which is helping to diversify the Mississippi
- 19 economy: hotel, golf courses, restaurants, related food
- 20 services.
- 21 And I also add home building, retail -- realtor
- 22 services, hardware stores, retail stores, media advertising,
- 23 printing companies, utilities services, dry cleaners and
- 24 laundries and a variety of other recreational and entertainment
- 25 options.
- 26 Casinos have also influenced the Mississippi
- 27 employment picture in another way. As they hired trained workers
- 28 for high skilled positions, more entry level positions opened up

- 1 for fresh workers to enter the labor pool. Let me just give you
- 2 one example.
- 3 Mr. Baker is the human resource person for Grand
- Casino in Tunica. He started a program in this state of hiring 4
- He found, real quick, low self-esteem, so low 5 welfare workers.
- 6 they could not look him in the eye when they were
- 7 interviewing for jobs.
- 8 Today his program is a very successful program. Out
- 9 of the 206 people that he's trained and started working at the
- 10 casino, 183 of them are still there. Some of them have moved to
- 11 higher management positions.
- The land based requirement implemented by the Gaming 12
- 13 Commission helped ensure the development which will continue over
- 14 a long term. The question has been raised as to whether the
- casinos benefit long-term residents or newcomers. 15
- 16 My answer is both. Economic development in depressed
- 17 areas would seem to benefit long-time Mississippians the most
- 18 through the collection of more tax money which can be used to
- 19 build and repair local roads and bridges, improve local education
- 20 and take other steps to improve the quality of life.
- 21 And yet newcomers also contribute significantly to a
- 22 community's stability. Mississippi's casinos have progressed
- 23 well in six years and the best position of governments at all
- levels might be well be to let the market itself influence the 24
- 25 future.
- 26 The fact is that an evolution in the business is
- already underway as Mississippi moves closer to a true resort 27
- 28 destination status. This will tend to separate national and

- 1 local market casinos which, in turn, will exert new pressures and
- 2 open up new opportunities for each.
- 3 We did a survey in 1993 on the perception of the
- State of Mississippi. We surveyed surrounding states, hundreds 4
- of average people on the street. The perception of Mississippi 5
- 6 at that time was dark, gray, swamps, alligators, racist, barefoot
- 7 coverall people. How do you change that perception?
- 8 90 percent of the people said they'd never been to
- 9 Mississippi. Where did they get their information? They got it
- from the news media and from movies. So how do you change the 10
- 11 perception?
- 12 We had spent prior to coming on board -- me coming on
- board in '92, \$3 million to try to change the perception of 13
- 14 Mississippi. I submit to you people coming to the state and
- seeing it firsthand, that's how you change the perception. 15
- 16 75 percent of the people visiting casinos in the
- 17 State of Mississippi come from outside the state. They first
- 18 Now they're coming for two and three and four came overnight.
- 19 days at a time. They're playing golf, they're going fishing,
- 20 they're looking at our museums, they're enjoying the coastal
- 21 things of Mississippi and the perception has changed.
- 22 How much has it changed? It changed a great deal.
- It has spurred corporate America to take a real good look at the 23
- 24 We have more industries and corporations looking at the state.
- 25 State of Mississippi than we ever have in the history, and I'm
- 26 not talking about small projects, I'm talking about projects
- 27 exceeding \$400 million in investment, some as high as
- 28 billion.

- 1 It's fair to say that due to the way Mississippi
- 2 legalized casinos, all of the 82 counties are sharing in the
- 3 revenue even though just eight counties have casinos.
- 4 prominent counties which have turned down Two
- casinos, Jackson County and DeSoto County, are prime examples of 5
- 6 exploding real estate markets and auxiliary business development
- 7 because of their proximity to the casinos.
- 8 In fact, all across Mississippi, non-casino counties
- 9 are enjoying the benefits of tax revenues produced by the
- With state help, they are building local facilities 10 casinos.
- 11 such as community parks, new horse arenas, better roads and
- 12 bridges, making transportation safe and more reliable.
- 13 I want to close these prepared remarks with a story
- 14 of how once upon a time Mississippi lured a new business with
- 15 state and local tax incentives and exemptions. Elaborate
- 16 training programs, a variety of upgrades to roads and bridges and
- 17 water and electrical services.
- 18 The cost in 1960 dollars was about 130 million, and
- 19 for that price mississippi began to build a first-class world
- 20 renowned industry today -- that today produces the finest and
- 21 most modern ships in the U.S. Navy fleet. That business was
- 22 Ingalls Shipbuilding in Pascagoula.
- We believed that new jobs were essential to economic 23
- 24 growth that we needed to seize an opportunity. Yes, the jobs
- 25 have been good. Thousands of skilled workers have earned a
- 26 paycheck, paid their taxes, sent their children to college,
- 27 bought groceries and gas, gave money to their churches and maybe
- 28 even put a little away from retirement.

- 1 Through the fortunes of technology and the nature of
- 2 conflict resolution, Ingalls today employs fewer people than it
- 3 did at its height. But my point is that we made an investment.
- We floated the state-backed bonds and performed other tasks to 4
- create new jobs because we had confidence in the long term 5
- 6 viability of this traditional industrial manufacturer.
- 7 We have not faltered in our conviction that this
- 8 was a wise investment and it continues to pay
- 9 dividends over and over above initial expectations. Should our
- confidence now be any less in the long term future viability of a 10
- 11 non-traditional which was invited to the State of Mississippi and
- came, asking a lot less of us as a state up front? 12
- 13 As a professional economic developer, I believe that
- 14 casino marketplace in Mississippi also represents
- opportunity which we must seize. The market will find its own 15
- 16 best route to the future. Here in Mississippi, gaming is built
- 17 up by private enterprise.
- 18 It's neither propped up by artificial government
- 19 support nor strangled by overzealous government regulations.
- 20 Casino companies will rise or fall by the strength or the
- 21 weakness of their pull on the entertainment dollar.
- 22 that that's as it should be.
- 23 Thank you very much for the opportunity to offer
- 24 these comments and I'll be happy to answer any questions.
- 25 CHAIRMAN JAMES: Thank you.